# **University of Health Sciences, Lahore**



Total MCQs: 220 Max. Marks: 1100

# **ENTRANCE TEST - 2016**

For F.Sc. and Non-F.Sc. Students
<u>Time Allowed: 150 minutes</u>

#### **Instructions:**

- i. Read the instructions on the MCQs Response Form carefully.
- ii. Choose the **Single Best Answer** for each question.
- iii. Candidates are strictly prohibited from giving any identification mark except Roll No. & Signature in the specified columns only.

# **COMPULSORY QUESTION FOR IDENTIFICATION**

Q-ID. What is the color of your Question Paper?

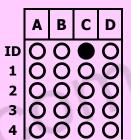
A) White.

C) Pink.

B) Blue.

D) Green.

Ans: Colour of your Question Paper is Pink. Fill the Circle Corresponding to Letter 'C' against 'ID' in your MCQ response form (Exactly as shown in the diagram).



# **PHYSICS**

Q.1 Which of the following graph represents the output of an X-ray?

Intensity

Intensity Wavelength

A) Intensity Wavelength

B)

- Intensity Wavelength

  D)
- Q.2 The continuous spectrum of X-ray is formed due to:
  - A) Characteristics of X-rays

C) Soft X-ray

B) Bremsstrahlung X-ray

D) Hard X-ray

- Q.3 Wavelength of  $\gamma$ -rays is:
  - A) Equal to the X-rays
    B) Longer to the X-rays

- C) Shorter to the X-rays
- D) Boarder to the X-rays



Page 2	of 19	
Q.4	Thorium is transformed after the transmission of	of 8-particle into:
<b>4.</b> .	A) Bismuth	C) Polonium
	B) Protactinium	D) Palladium
	2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	-,
Q.5	Emission of $\gamma$ -rays from radioactive element res	sults into:
<b>4.</b> 5	A) Bismuth	C) Polonium
	B) Protactinium	D) Palladium
	2) 11000001110111	2) randalam
Q.6	The relation between decay constant ' $\lambda^\prime$ and ha	lf-life 'T <sub>1/2</sub> ' of radioactive substance is:
	$\Delta \lambda \lambda = \frac{1}{1}$	C) $\lambda = T_{1/2}$
	A) $\lambda = \frac{1}{T_{\frac{1}{2}}}$	•
	D) ) — 0.602 T	D) $\lambda = \frac{0.693}{T_{1/2}}$
	B) $\lambda = 0.693  \text{T}_{\text{V}_2}$	$V_{1} = \frac{1}{T_{14}}$
		12
Q.7	Radioisotope which is used to combat cancer of	f thyroid gland is:
_	A) Iodine-131	C) Strontium-90
	B) Phosphorous-32	D) Cobalt-60
	, '	•
Q.8	Sodium-24 is used for:	
	A) Sterilization	C) Skin Cancer
	B) Study of circulation of blood	D) Thyroid Cancer
	2, 5,000	2,,
Q.9	Energy radiation absorbed at the rate of one joint	ule per kilogram is called:
•	A) 1 Rad	C) 1 Yellow
	B) 1 Sievert	D) 1 Gray
	5) 1 5/6/6/1	2) 1 3:0,
Q.10	The time period 'T' of a simple pendulum depend	ls on its length 'l' and acceleration due to gravity
<b>L</b>	'g' using unit dimension. The correct equation f	
		-
	A) T = k $\frac{9}{2}$ where 'k' is constant	C) T = $k \left( \frac{1}{r} \right)$ where 'k' is constant
	A) T = k $\sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$ where 'k' is constant	C) T = k $\sqrt{\frac{I}{g}}$ where 'k' is constant
	1 6	D) T = $\frac{1}{k} \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$ where 'k' is constant
	B) T = $\frac{1}{k} \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$ where 'k' is constant	D) T = $\frac{1}{2}$ where 'k' is constant
	′ k√l	′ K √ g
Q.11	The unit for electric charge is Coulomb and one	·
	A) Am	C) As
	B) Js <sup>-1</sup>	D) C
Q.12	A man in elevator ascending with an acceleration	
	A) Increased	C) Reduced to zero
	B) Decreased	D) Remain Constant
Q.13	If we double the moment arm the value of torq	
	A) Half	C) Two-times
	B) Three-times	D) Four-times
Q.14	When fluid is incompressible, the quantity is co	
	A) Mass	C) Pressure
	B) Density	D) Force
Q.15	The minimum distance from the eye at which a	
	A) 25 cm	C) 35 cm
	B) 22 cm	D) 20 cm
Q.16		M = 1 + d/f, if f = 5 cm and d = 25 cm then M
	will be:	
	A) 5	C) 6
	B) 7	D) 8
Q.17	Resonance occurs when the driving frequency i	
	A) Greater than natural frequency	C) Less than natural frequency
	B) Unequal the natural frequency	D) Equal to the natural frequency

_	10	The red shift measurement of Do		and and an in dianta that the	
•	).18	The rea shift measurement of Dol	nnier ettect ot	dalaxies indicate that the	iniverse is:
ч		The rea sime measurement or bo	ppici circot or	galaxies maleate that the	

A) Expanding

C) Stationary

B) Contracting

D) Oscillating

## Q.19 Frequency audible range to human hearing lies in the range:

A) 2-2000 kHz

C) 20-20000 Hz

B) 15-50000 kHz

D) 20-20000 kHz

## Q.20 Tuning a radio is a best example of:

A) Natural resonance

C) Free resonance

B) Mechanical resonance

D) Electrical resonance

#### Q.21 The ratio of applied stress to the volumetric strain is called:

A) Bulk Modulus

C) Tensile modulus

B) Shear Modulus

D) Young's Modulus

#### Q.22 The wire made of copper belong to which specific kind of material:

A) Ductile material

C) Brittle material

B) Tough material

D) Deformed material

# Q.23 The relation $\frac{R}{N_{\Delta}} = 1.38 \times 10^{-25} \text{ JK}^{-1}$ in a gas law is known as:

A) Avogadro's constant

C) Newton's constant

B) Charles constant

D) Boltzmann's constant

#### Q.24 The relation 'PV = nRT' shows which law of physics:

A) Charles Law

C) Newton's Constant

B) Avogadro's Law

D) Ideal Gas Law

#### Q.25 The rapid escape of air from a burst tyre is an example of:

A) Adiabatic processes

C) Cooling process

B) Isothermal process

D) First law of thermodynamics

#### Q.26 Which relation exactly described the isothermal process?

A) Q = W

C)  $Q = -\Delta U$ 

B) W =  $-\Delta U$ 

D)  $Q = \Delta U + W$ 

# Q.27 If a turbine is working as a heat engine and takes that from hot body (427 °C) and exhausts into a body at 77 °C then what is the possible efficiency?

A) 50%

C) 90%

B) 70%

D) 95%

# Q.28 Which one of the following is the Boolean expression of NAND gate?

A) X = A.B

C)  $X = \overline{A.B}$ 

B) X = A + B

D)  $X = \overline{A + B}$ 

#### Q.29 Which one of the following is the truth table of NAND gate?

Α	В	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

C)

<del></del>		
A	В	Y
0	1	1
1	1	0

B)

A	В	Υ
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

D)

A	В	Y
0	0	0
1	1	1

# Q.30 If the length, width and separation between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor is doubled then its capacitance becomes:

A) Double

C) Four-times

B) Half

D) Eight-times

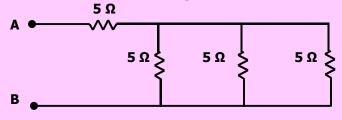
## Page 4 of 19

- Q.31 Resistance between two opposite faces of square thin film of area 1 mm $^2$  having thickness of 1  $\mu$ m if resistivity of material is 10 $^{-6}$   $\Omega$  will be:
  - A) 1000  $\Omega$

C) 1 Ω

B) 100 Ω

- D) 10 Ω
- Q.32 Total resistance between 'A' and 'B' in the given circuit is:



- Α) 5.6 Ω
- B) 3.33 Ω

- C) 0.33 Ω
- D) 6.6 Ω
- Q.33 'F' is maximum force acting on a conductor. Now if we change the direction of conductor by making an angle of 45° with the magnetic field then the force becomes:
  - A)  $\frac{F}{2}$

C)  $\frac{F}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

B) 2F

- D)  $\sqrt{2}$  F
- Q.34 If we doubled all the parameters of the force acting on current carrying conductor and  $\theta = 90^{\circ}$  then magnetic force becomes:
  - A) Half

C) Eight-times

B) Double

- D) Four-times
- Q.35 The force acting on current carrying conductor will be maximum if the angle between magnetic field and conductor is:
  - A) 0°

C) 90°

B) 30°

- D) 60°
- Q.36 The shadow of the bones in X-rays photographic film appears lighter than the surrounding flesh due to:
  - A) Bones reflect greater amount of X-rays
- C) Bones absorb greater amount of X-rays
- B) Bones absorb less amount of X-rays
- D) Bones totally reflect X-rays
- Q.37 The atom is excited to an energy level E<sub>i</sub> from its ground state energy level E<sub>o</sub>, the wavelength of the radiations emitted is:

A) 
$$\frac{(E_0 - E_i)}{hc}$$

C) 
$$\frac{hc}{(E_i - E_o)}$$

B) 
$$\frac{(E_i - E_o)}{bc}$$

D) 
$$\frac{E_i}{hc} - \frac{E_0}{hc}$$

- Q.38 Which one of the following gas is the lasing or active medium in the laser tube?
  - A) Hydrogen

C) Neon

B) Helium

- D) Carbon dioxide
- Q.39 The target of X-ray tube is made up of which metal?
  - A) Iron

C) Brass

B) Nickel

D) Tungsten

- Q.40 The X-rays consists of:
  - A) High energy proton

C) High energy  $\gamma$ -rays

B) High energy electrons

- D) High energy photons
- Q.41 In Bernoulli's equation the term  $\frac{1}{2} \rho v^2$  is called:
  - A) K.E. per unit volume

C) K.E. per unit area

B) K.E.

D) K.E. per unit length

Q.42 Potential energy per unit volume is given by:

A) mgh

C) gh

B)  $\frac{\text{mgh}}{\rho}$ 

D) pgh

Q.43 If general equation for destructive interference's is given by the relation,

Optic path difference = 
$$\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\lambda$$

where 'm' is an integer, then first dark fringe appears from 'm' will be equal to:

A)  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

C) 0

B)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

D) 1

Q.44 For bright fringe formation, the path difference is:

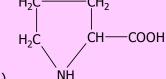
- A)  $\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \lambda$  where  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- C)  $(2n + 1) \frac{\lambda}{2}$  where n = 0, 1, 2, ......

B)  $n\lambda$  where n = 0, 1, 2, ....

D)  $\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right) \lambda^2$  where n = 0, 1, 2, ......

# **CHEMISTRY**

Q.45 Which one of the following is structural formula of proline?



CH<sub>3</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>

- In the formation of Zwitter ion which one of the following donates the proton?
- A) COOH

C) CH<sub>2</sub>COO<sup>-</sup>

B) NH<sub>2</sub>

B)

D) OH

Q.47

Q.46

What is the name of above given structural formula?

A) Aspartic Acid

C) Adipic Acid

B) Asparagine

D) Glutamic Acid

Q.48 Which one of the following is simplest amino acid?

A) Lysine

C) Alanine

B) Leucine

D) Glycine

Q.49 Which one of the following polymer is called as Nylon 6,6?

A) Polyester

C) Polyamide

B) Polyvinyl chloride

D) Polyvinyl acetate

Q.50 Which one of the following is an exact composition of a carbohydrates?

A) Carbon and Hydrogen

C) Carbon, Hydrogen and Oxygen

B) Carbon and Oxygen

D) Hydrogen and Oxygen

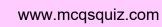
Q.51 Which one of the following nitrogen base is NOT present in DNA?

A) Adenine

C) Uracil

B) Guanine

D) Cytosine





#### Page 6 of 19

#### Q.52 In the woody parts of trees, the %age of cellulose is:

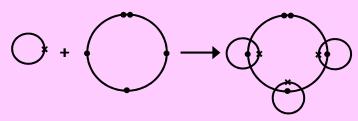
A) 50%

C) 30%

B) 10%

D) 100%

Q.53



Choose the right molecule.

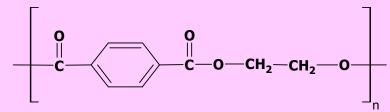
A) CH<sub>3</sub>

C) H<sub>2</sub>O

B) CO

D) NH<sub>3</sub>

Q.54



Indicate the name of above given structure.

A) Nylon 6,6

C) PVA

B) Adipic Acid

D) Polyester

Q.55 In laboratory experiment an unknown compound was added in test tube containing iodine, the colour became intense blue. What could be the unknown compound?

A) Cellulose

C) Ribose

B) Raffinose

D) Starch

Q.56 Ozone concentration is measured in:

A) Debye units

C) Debacle units

B) Dupont units

D) Dobson units

Q.57 The gas which is mainly produced in landfills from the waste is:

A) CH<sub>4</sub>

C) SO<sub>2</sub>

B) CO<sub>2</sub>

D) Cl<sub>2</sub>

Q.58 The substance for the separation of isotopes is firstly converted into the:

A) Neutral state

C) Vapour state

B) Free state

D) Charged state

Q.59 The number of moles of CO<sub>2</sub> which contain 8.00 gm of oxygen is:

A) 0.75

C) 0.25

B) 1.50

D) 1.00

Q.60 London dispersion forces are the only forces present among the:

A) Molecules of H<sub>2</sub>O in liquid state

C) Atoms of helium in gaseous state at high temperature

B) Molecules of HCl gas

D) Molecules of solid chlorine

Q.61 Electrical conductivity of graphite is greater in one direction that in other due to:

A) Isomorphism

C) Anisotropy

B) Cleavage plane

D) Symmetry

Q.62 Number of neutrons in <sup>66</sup><sub>30</sub> Zn will be:

A) 30

C) 38

B) 35

D) 36

Q.63 The maximum number of electrons in electronic configuration can be calculated by using formula:

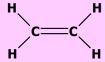
A) 2l + 1

C) 2n<sup>2</sup>

B)  $2n^2 + 2$ 

 $D) 2n^2 + 1$ 

Q.64



#### Calculate the number of $\sigma$ bonds and $\pi$ bonds in the molecule.

A)  $1\pi$  and  $5\sigma$  bonds

C)  $3\pi$  and  $3\sigma$  bonds

B)  $2\pi$  and  $4\sigma$  bonds

D)  $6\pi$  and  $6\sigma$  bonds

- $Q.65 \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, \mathsf{H}_{2(g)} \longrightarrow \mathsf{H}_{(g)}$
- $\Delta H = 218 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$

In this reaction,  $\Delta H$  will be called:

A) Enthalpy of atomization

C) Enthalpy of formation

B) Enthalpy of decomposition

- D) Enthalpy of the dissociation
- Q.66 Mg +  $\frac{1}{2}$ O<sub>2(g)</sub>  $\longrightarrow$  MgO<sub>(g)</sub> + -692 kJmol<sup>-1</sup> at STP.

Enthalpy of the above reaction will be called:

A) ΔH°<sub>at</sub>

C)  $\Delta H^{\circ}_{sol}$ 

B) ΔH°s

- D) ΔH°<sub>f</sub>
- Q.67 Freezing point will also be defined as that temperature at which its solid and liquid phases have the same:
  - A) Concentration

C) Vapour pressure

B) Ratio between the particles

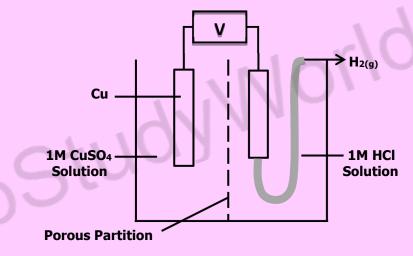
- D) Attraction between the phases
- Q.68 What mass of NaOH is present in 0.5 mol of sodium hydroxide?
  - A) 40 gm

C) 15 gm

B) 2.5 gm

D) 20 gm

Q.69



#### The diagram shows a galvanic cell. The current will flow from:

- A) Hydrogen electrode to copper electrode
- C) Hydrogen electrode to HCl solution
- B) Copper electrode to hydrogen electrode
- D) CuSO<sub>4</sub> solution to hydrogen electrode
- Q.70 Study the following redox reaction:

- $5Cl_2 + 2Mn^{+2} + 8H_2O$
- A) Manganese is oxidized from +7 to +2
- C) Chlorine is reduced from zero to -1
- B) Chlorine ions are reduced from -1 to zero
- D) Manganese is reduced from +7 to +2
- Q.71 Human blood maintains its pH between:
  - A) 6.50 7.00

C) 7.50 - 7.55

B) 7.20 - 7.25

- D) 7.35 7.40
- Q.72 Value of K<sub>sp</sub> for PbSO<sub>4</sub> system at 25 °C is equal to:
  - A) 1.6 x 10<sup>-5</sup> mol<sup>2</sup>dm<sup>-6</sup>

C) 1.6 x 10<sup>-8</sup> mol<sup>2</sup>dm<sup>-6</sup>

B) 1.6 x 10<sup>-6</sup> mol<sup>2</sup>dm<sup>-6</sup>

D) 1.6 x 10<sup>-7</sup> mol<sup>2</sup>dm<sup>-6</sup>



Page 8		
Q.73		reaction with respect to 'A' in given rate law,
	Rate = $k[A]^2[B]$ is: A) $2^{nd}$ order reaction	C) Pseudo 1 <sup>st</sup> order reaction
	B) 1 <sup>st</sup> order reaction	D) 3 <sup>rd</sup> order reaction
Q.74	The rate constant 'k' is 0.693 min <sup>-1</sup> . The half-life	e for the 1 <sup>st</sup> order reaction will be:
<u> </u>	A) 1 min	C) 0.693 min
	B) 2 min	D) 4 min
Q.75	Melting points of group II-A elements are higher	
	A) Atoms of II-A elements have smaller size	C) Atoms of II-A elements provide two binding electron
	B) II-A elements are more reactive	D) I-A elements have smaller atomic radius
Q.76	The ionic radius of fluoride ion is:	0) 425
	A) 72 pm	C) 136 pm
	B) 95 pm	D) 157 pm
Q.77	$2NaOH_{(aq)} + Cl_{2(g)} \longrightarrow NaCl + NaClO + H_2O$	
	A) 500 °C B) 200 °C	C) -10 °C D) 15 °C
	,	,
Q.78	Which halogen molecule 'X <sub>2</sub> ' has lowest dissocia	——————————————————————————————————————
	A) Cl <sub>2</sub> B) Br <sub>2</sub>	C) I <sub>2</sub> D) F <sub>2</sub>
	5) 5/2	5)12
Q.79	The anomalous electronic configuration shown elements is due to:	by chromium and copper among 3-d series of
	A) Colour of ions of these metals	C) Stability associated with this configuration
	B) Variable oxidation states of metals	D) Complex formation tendency of metals
Q.80	Which element of 3d series of periodic table sho	ows the electronic configuration of 3d <sup>6</sup> , 4s <sup>2</sup> ?
·	A) Copper	C) Zinc
	B) Cobalt	D) Nickel
Q.81	The %age of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate is:	
_	A) 46%	C) 33%
	B) 82%	D) 13%
Q.82	Which one of the following is anhydride of sulp	
	A) Sulphur (II) oxide	C) Iron pyrite
	B) Sulphur (VI) oxide	D) Sulphur (VI) oxide
Q.83	During contact process of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> synthesis, the	
	$2SO_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2SO_{3(g)}$ Which step is used to increase the yield of SO <sub>3</sub> ?	ΔH = -96 kJmol <sup>-1</sup>
	A) Temperature is raised to very high degree	C) Both temperature and pressure are kept very low
	B) SO <sub>3</sub> formed is removed very quickly	D) An excess of air is used to drive the equilibrium to
	, , ,	the right side
Q.84	Synthesis of ammonia by Haber's process is a	a reversible reaction. What should be done to
	increase the yield of ammonia in the following $N_{2(g)} + 3H_{2(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2NH_{3(g)}$	reaction? ΔH = -92 kJmol <sup>-1</sup>
	A) Pressure should be decreased	C) Pressure should be increased
	B) Ammonia should remain in reaction mixture	D) Concentration of nitrogen should be decreased
Q.85	Which one of the following reactions shows con	nbustion of a saturated hydrocarbon?
	A) $C_2H_4 + 3O_2 \longrightarrow 2CO_2 + 2H_2O$	C) $CH_4 + \frac{1}{2} O_2 \xrightarrow{Cu} CH_3OH$
	7) 62/14 1 302 - P 2002 T 21120	2 400°C, 200 atm
	B) $CH_4 + 2O_2 \longrightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O$	D) $C_2H_2 + \frac{5}{2}O_2 \longrightarrow 2CO_2 + H_2O$
	D) G14 1 202 ₽ CO2 T 21120	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

#### Q.86 Skeletal formula of an organic compound is given below:

#### It is a hydrocarbon. IUPAC name of the compound is:

A) 3, 3-dimethyl-3-hexene

C) 3-hexene

B) 3, 4-dimethyl-3-hexene

D) 2,3-dimethyl-1-hexene

#### Q.87 Which one of the following pairs can be cis-trans isomer to each other?

A) CHCl=CCl<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub>

C) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH=CH-CH<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>3</sub>C-CH=CH-CH<sub>3</sub>

B) CHCI=CH2 and CH2=CHCI

D) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub> and CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub>

#### Q.88 Consider the reaction given below:

$$CH_3CH_2Br \xrightarrow{KOH} H_2C=CH_2 + HBr$$

#### Mechanism followed by the reaction is:

A) E2

C) S<sub>N</sub>1

B) E1

D) S<sub>N</sub>2

#### Q.89 The average bond energy of C-Br is:

A) 228 kJmol-1

C) 250 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>

B) 200 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>

D) 290 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>

#### Q.90 Which one of the following is NOT a nucleophile:

A) NH<sub>2</sub>

C) BF<sub>3</sub>

B) H<sub>2</sub>O

D) CH<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>

#### Which one of the following is an appropriate indication of positive iodoform test? Q.91

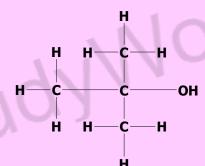
A) Formation of H<sub>2</sub>O

C) Brick red precipitate

B) Release of H<sub>2</sub> gas

D) Yellow crystal

Q.92



#### Which one of the following is the proper classification of above formula:

A) Primary

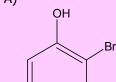
C) Tertiary

B) Secondary

D) Polyhydride

#### Which one of the following is an appropriate structure of product of bromination? Q.93





B)

Br D)

OH

Page 10 of 19

Q.94

$$NO_2$$
  $NO_2$ 

Which one of the following is an appropriate name of above compound?

A) 1,3,6-Trinitrophenol

C) Tartaric acid

B) m-Nitrophenol

D) Picric acid

Q.95

It is the general formula of:

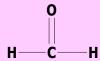
A) 2, 4-Dinitrophenyl hydrazine

C) Phenyl hydrazone

B) 1, 3-Dinitrophenyl hydrazone

D) 2, 4-Dinitrophenyl hydrazone

Q.96



Which one of the following is the IUPAC name of above given structure:

A) Propionaldehyde

C) Acetaldehyde

B) Methanone

D) Methanal

Q.97 Which one of the following test is given by both aldehyde and ketone?

A) Silver mirror test

C) 2, 4 DNPH test

B) Fehling's solution test

D) Benedict's solution test

Q.98  $CH_3COOH + CH_3CH_2OH \rightleftharpoons CH_3COOC_2H_5 + H_2O$ 

Which one of the following will act as a catalyst in above reaction?

A) HNO<sub>3</sub>

C) Acidified potassium dichromate

B) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

D) SOCl<sub>2</sub>

Which one of the following options shows the products of above reaction?

A) POCl<sub>2</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>COCl<sub>2</sub> + HCl

C) CH<sub>3</sub>COCl + POCl<sub>2</sub> + HCl

B) POCl<sub>3</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>COCl<sub>2</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>

D) POCl<sub>3</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>COCl + HCl

Q.100 Which one of the following reaction of carboxylic acid is reversible?

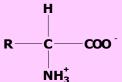
A) Esterification

C) Reaction with PCl<sub>5</sub>

B) Salt formation

D) Reaction with SOCl<sub>2</sub>

Q.101



Select the best option indicating the name of the above structure:

A) Cation

C) Internal salt

B) Neutral amino acid

D) Anion

Q.102 When acid is added to an amino acid, which one of the following will act as a base?

- A) NH<sub>3</sub>+
- B) COO<sup>-</sup>

- C) H<sup>+</sup>
- D) R group

# **ENGLISH**

Q.103	A) Dura sum and	
	A) Pronounced	C) Dammed
	B) Rearmed	D) Debunked
Q.104	International rules the I	number of foreign entrants.
	A) Hoodwink	C) Fabricate
	B) Stipulate	D) Traverse
	b) supulate	b) Haveise
Q.105	The assassination of the president	the country into war.
	A) Articulated	C) Hobbled
	B) Boomed	D) Precipitated
Q.106	She might be forgiven for	
	A) Undertaking	C) Buckling
	B) Extricating	D) Resounding
$\Longrightarrow$	underlined. Your task is to identi	ing sentences, some segments of each sentence are fy that underlined segment of the sentence, which to be corrected. Fill the Circle corresponding to that CQ Response From.
Q.107	It showed that he was a man cana	<u>ble of looking beneath</u> the surface of things, a man not
Q.107	A) B	
	<u>dependent in</u> paper manifestations.	
	D)	
	5)	
Q.108	When he was a child, every time he w	ere naughty, his foster-mother used to threaten to send him
	A) B	) C) D)
	to Timbuktu.	
- 100		
Q.109		evicting the books or else leaving them in sole, undisturbed
	A) B)	C)
	tenancy and taking rooms elsewhere for m	yseir.
	D)	
Q.110	I remember going to the British museu	m one day to <u>read for</u> the treatment for some slight ailment
Q.110	A)	B)
	of which I had a touch-hay fever, I fancy i	
	C) D)	. Wasi
	3, 2,	
Q.111	The number of people in the world are	e rapidly increasing rather like a gigantic snowball which not
		A) B)
	only gets bigger as it rolls but goes faster	as well.
	C) D)	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Q.112	It has been calculated that unless the	growth is checked, there will only be enough room on the
	A)	B) C)
	earth for people to stand by.	
	D)	
		uestion, four alternative sentences are given.
		ill the Circle corresponding to that letter in the
	MCQ Response Form.	
Q.113		
	A) Inside a carton was a push-button unit	
	B) Inside a carton was a push-button unit	
	C) Inside a carton was a push-button unit	
	D) Inside a carton was a push-button unit	fastened along a small wooden box.

## Page 12 of 19

#### Q.114

- A) They both looked to one another, startled by all they had just finished saying.
- B) They both looked to each another, startled by all they had just finish saying.
- C) They both looked to each another, startle by all they had just finish saying.
- D) They both looked to each another, startled by all they had just finished saying.

#### Q.115

- A) The lovely sentiments we go through repeating!
- B) The lovely sentiments we go about repeating!
- C) The lovely sentiments we go in repeating!
- D) The lovely sentiments we go for repeating!

#### Q.116

- A) With the bright light, still in her eyes, she moved quick out of the door.
- B) With the bright light, still in her eyes, she moved quick out to the door.
- C) With the bright light, still in her eyes, she moved quickly out to the door.
- D) With the bright light, still in her eyes, she moved quickly out of the door.

#### Q.117

- A) In a short while quiet a large crowd had been collected.
- B) In a short while quite a large crowd had collected.
- C) In a short while quite large crowd had collected.
- D) In a short while quite the large crowd had been collecting.

#### Q.118

- A) She watched all the important matches in the Brookfield ground.
- B) She watched all the important matches on the Brookfield ground.
- C) She watched all the important matches from the Brookfield ground.
- D) She watched all the important matches within the Brookfield ground.

#### Q.119

- A) Something had happened, something whose ultimate significance had yet to be reckon.
- B) Something had happened, something whose ultimate significance had yet was reckon.
- C) Something had happened, something whose ultimate significance had yet to be reckoned.
- D) Something had happened, something whose ultimate significance had yet reckoned.

#### Q.120

- A) His faculties were all unimpairment, and he had no personal worries of any kind.
- B) His faculties were all unimparing, and he had no personal worries of any kind.
- C) His faculties were all unimpaired, and he had no personal worry of any kind.
- D) His faculties were all unimpaired, and he had no personal worries of any kind.

#### Q.121

- A) It was hard to him to speak out loud, but he managed to murmur something.
- B) It was hard on him to speak out loud, but he managed to murmur something.
- C) It was hard for him to speak out loud, but he managed to murmur something.
- D) It was hard upon him to speak out loud, but he managed to murmur something.

#### Q.122

- A) There was a little money saved up beside.
- B) There was little money saved in besides.
- C) There was little money saved up beside.
- D) There was a little money saved up besides.

# In each of the following question, four alternative meanings of a word are given. You have to select the NEAREST CORRECT MEANING of the given word and fill the appropriate Circle on the MCQ Response Form.

#### Q.123 STALWART

- A) Loyal
- B) Lazy

- C) Lacking strength
- D) High

#### Q.124 CHIVALRY

- A) Coward
- B) Non-cooperative

- C) Imitating
- D) Gallant



Q.125	RAKISH A) Curved B) Traditional	C) Formal D) Dashing
Q.126	PRODIGIOUS A) Huge B) Trivial	C) Little D) Square
Q.127	IMPROVISE A) Colophon B) Concoct	C) Divert D) Respite
Q.128	PARADOX A) Anomaly B) Prototype	C) Steward D) Fashion
Q.129	MANIFESTATION A) Mode B) Token	C) Quirk D) Bulwark
Q.130	RECONNOITRE A) Patrol B) Arcane	C) Exhort D) Falter
Q.131	SOJOURN A) Visit B) Belch	C) Furry D) Inking
Q.132	MUSE A) Immaculate B) Chew over	C) Sigh over D) Vagary
	BIOLO	GY JA COVY
Q.133	Random, uncontrolled activity of some cells in sensory and motor nerves causes patients of to A) Epilepsy	see and hear different strange things. C) Alzheimer's Disease
Q.134	B) Parkinson's Disease  Part of hind brain responsible for the balance at A) Medulla	D) Huntington's Disease  nd equilibrium of body is called:  C) Pons
Q.135	B) Cerebellum  Events of menustral cycle are regulated by the:	D) Thalamus
	A) Ethylene B) Gonadotrophins	C) Auxins D) Gibberellins
Q.136	Decrease of FSH and increase of estrogen cause A) Somatotropin B) Luteinizing Hormone	e pituitary gland to secrete:  C) Testosterone  D) Spermatogonium
Q.137	Transmission of Neisseria gonorrhea is best des A) Oro-fecal Route B) Unsafe Sex	cribed by which one of the following? C) Vector Borne D) Droplet Infection
Q.138	Syphilis is caused by: A) Spirochete B) Nostoc	C) Water blooms D) Cyanobacteria
Q.139	AIDS is caused by: A) Bacteria B) Virus	C) Fungi D) Alga



Q.140	Brain is protected and enclosed in:  A) Lumbar vertebrae	C) Vertebral column		
	B) Coccyx	D) Cranium		
Q.141	Longest bone in the human skeleton is:	C) T1:		
	A) Ulna B) Fibula	C) Tibia D) Femur		
Q.142	Hips and shoulder joints are examples of:			
	A) Hinge Joints B) Ball and Socket Joints	C) Synovial Joints D) Cartilaginous Joints		
Q.143	In pelvic region of human bosy, sacrum is formed by the fusion of:			
	A) 4 Vertebrae B) 5 Vertebrae	C) 6 Vertebrae D) 3 Vertebrae		
Q.144	Each muscle fibre is surrounded by a modified			
	A) Sarcolemma B) Sarcomere	C) Myosin Filament D) Myofilament		
Q.145	hormone is antagonistic to insulin and causes increase in blood glucose level.			
	A) Glucagon B) Nor-epinephrine	C) Calcitonin D) Thyroxine		
Q.146	Beta cells of islets of Langerhans produce	hormone.		
	A) Glucagon B) Insulin	C) Pancreatic Juice D) Parathormone		
Q.147	The central portion of adrenal gland (Adrenal MA) Aldosterone	ledulla) produces hormone. C) Androgen		
	B) Epinephrine	D) Corticosterone		
Q.148	hormones are called fight and flight hormones as they prepare an organism to face stressful situation.			
	A) Adrenaline, Aldosterone	C) Cortisone, Oxytocin		
	B) Epinephrine, Nor-epinephrine	D) Thyroxine, Nor-epinephrine		
Q.149	B-cells release antibodies in blood plasma, tissu is called:	e fluid and lymph. This kind of immune response		
	A) Cell Mediated Response B) Humoral Response	C) Active Response D) Compound Response		
Q.150	The type of immunity in which antibodies are p	assed from one individual to another is called:		
	A) Passive Immunity B) Artificial Active Immunity	C) Natural Active Immunity D) Humoral Immunity		
Q.151	To combat the active infections of tetanus, immunization is used:	rabies and snakes the method of		
	A) Active B) Humoral	C) Active Artificial D) Passive		
Q.152	In antibody molecule, two heavy and two light	chains are bonded by:		
	A) Disulphide Bond B) Monosulphide Bond	C) Hydrogen Bond D) Ionic Bond		
Q.153	Variable amino acid sequences in antibody mol	ecule are found in		
	A) Both light chains only B) Both heavy chains only	C) One heavy and one light chain D) Both heavy and light chains		
Q.154	Each consists of a light gathering an A) Chlorophyll	tenna complex and reaction center.  C) Photon		
	B) Photosystem	D) Electron		

Page 14 of 19



## Q.155 Photosystem I has chlorophyll a molecules which absorb maximum light of:

A) 680 nm

C) 700 nm

B) 780 nm

D) 580 nm

## Q.156 Cyclic flow or C4 photosynthesis produces:

A) ATP and CO<sub>2</sub>

C) Only CO<sub>2</sub>

B) ATP

D) Only Oxygen

## Q.157 Immediate product formed after CO<sub>2</sub> fixation in Calvin Cycle is:

A) Unstable 6-carbon compound

C) Unstable 4-carbon compound

B) Unstable 5-carbon compound

D) Unstable 3-carbon compound m

## Q.158 Functional group of chlorophyll a is:

A) —CH<sub>3</sub> B) —CHO C) -COOH

D) -OH

#### Q.159 The modified plasmid or phage DNA is called:

A) Clone DNA

C) cDNA

B) Recombinant DNA

D) rDNA

## Q.160 The rapid exchange of materials through carrier proteins across the plasma membrane is called:

A) Passive Diffusion

C) Endocytosis

B) Active Transport

D) Facilitated Diffusion

#### Q.161 The inner membrane of mitochondria form extensive infoldings called:

A) Cristae

C) Lamella

B) Cisternae

D) Bifidae

#### Q.162 Which one of the following organelle is found in both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?

A) Centriole

C) Nucleus

B) Endoplasmic Reticulum

D) Ribosome

## Q.163 The compounds which on hydrolysis yield polyhydroxy aldehyde or ketone subunits are:

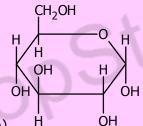
A) Lipids

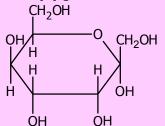
C) Polynucleotides

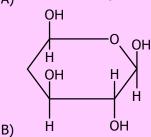
B) Proteins

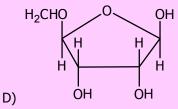
D) Carbohydrates

#### Q.164 Which one of the following is the formula structure of D ( $\alpha$ ) glucose?









#### Q.165 Secondary structure of protein is found in:

A) Trypsin

C) Insulin

C)

B) Keratin

D) Glucagon

## Q.166 Waxes are formed by combination of fatty acids with:

A) Alcohol

C) Serine

B) Glycerol

D) Cysteine

#### Page 16 of 19

#### Q.167 Phosphodiester bond is:

A) P-O-C-P-O-C

B) C-O-P

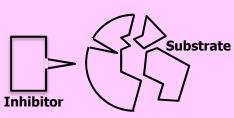
D) C-C-O-P

#### An enzyme required Mg<sup>++</sup> to catalyze the substrate. The Mg<sup>++</sup> is best identified as: Q.168

- A) Prosthetic group
- B) Activator

C) Co-enzyme D) Inhibitor

Q.169



**Enzyme** 

This figure represents inhibitor.

- A) Non-competitive
- B) Competitive

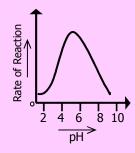
- C) Irreversible
- D) Isosteric

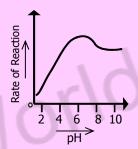
#### Q.170 **According to** model the active site of enzyme is modified as the substrate interacts with enzyme.

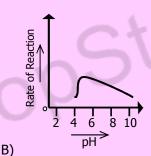
- A) Induced fit
- B) Lock and Key

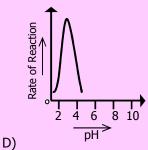
- C) Emil Fischer
- D) Fluid Mosaic

#### Q.171 Which one of the following graphs shows how the rate of reaction of pepsin is affected by pH?









#### Q.172 All viruses can reproduce within living organisms only, so they are known as:

A) Ectoparasites

C) Obligative Intracellular Parasites

B) Endoparasites

- D) Facultative Intracellular Parasites
- Q.173 Many bacteria are motile due to presence of:
  - A) Flagella

C) Cilia

B) Pilli

A)

- D) Microtubules
- Q.174 is an invagination of cell membrane which helps in cell division.
  - A) Fimbriae

C) Mesosome

B) Nucleoid

- D) Endospore
- Q.175 is the yeast that grows in the mucous membrane of mouth or vagina.
  - A) Candida albicans

C) Aspergillus fumigatus

B) Saccharomyces cerevisiae

D) Aspergillus flavus

Q.170	A) Cnidaria B) Aschelminthes	C) Annelida D) Platyhelminthes	
Q.177		ts called proglottis which contains mainly sex organs.	
	A) Planaria	C) Fasciola	
	B) Ascaris	D) Tapeworm	
Q.178	is a common parasite of the nematode.	ne intestine of human and pig which belongs to phylum	
	A) Taenia solanum	C) Ascaris lumbriocoides	
	B) Schistosoma	D) Fasciola hepatica	
Q.179 In radial symmetry all body parts are arranged around represents mode of life.		e arranged around the central axis. Radial symmetry	
	A) Sessile	C) Active	
	B) Streamlined	D) Parasitic	
Q.180	included in the group.	but it is not true coelom. Which one of the following is	
	A) Planaria	C) Earthworm	
	B) Tapeworm	D) Ascaris	
Q.181	Digestion of starts in oral	cavity due to the action of enzyme present in saliva.	
Q.IUI	A) Starch	C) Fatty Acids	
	B) Cellulose	D) Polypeptides	
	2, 66.14.1666	- / · · · / / · · · / · · · · · · · · ·	
Q.182	Food enters from stomach into small into		
	A) Pyloric Sphincter	C) Semilunar valve	
	B) Cardiac Sphincter	D) Diaphragm	
Q.183	are the part of a dastric o	land which produce hydrochloric acid.	
Q.103	A) Parietal Cells	C) Chief Cells	
	B) Goblet Cells	D) Zymogen Cells	
Q.184	Protein components of food are digested by the enzymatic secretion of:		
	A) Goblet Cells	C) Zymogen Cells	
	B) Parietal Cells	D) Oxyntic Cells	
Q.185	Digestive System consists of different la	evers the innermest is known as:	
Q.103	A) Submucosa	C) Muscularis	
	B) Mucosa	D) Serosa	
	D) Hacosa	<i>5)</i> 55.7550	
Q.186	In human the closed sac which surroun	ds the heart is:	
	A) Endocardium	C) Pericardium	
	B) Myocardium	D) Epicardium	
0.407		alandari dalan	
Q.187	Chordae tendinea are fibrous cords atta		
	A) Cardiac end of stomach valve	C) Pyloric sphincter of stomach	
	B) Tricuspid valve of heart	D) Eyelid	
Q.188	Bicuspid valve controls the flow of blood	d from:	
•	A) Right atrium to right ventricle	C) Left ventricle to aorta	
	B) Right ventricle to pulmonary artery	D) Left atrium to left ventricle	
Q.189	Carboxyhaemoglobin (10-20%) is form		
	A) Amino group of haemoglobin	C) Haem portion of haemoglobin	
	B) Iron part of haemoglobin	D) Plasma proteins	
Q.190	Breathing consists of:		
Ţ	A) Four phases	C) One phase	
	B) Three phases	D) Two phases	



Page 1	g 01 13									
Q.191	Bowman's capsule continues as extensively con	nvoluted portion known as:								
	A) Peritubular capillaries	C) Efferent arterioles								
	B) Proximal convuluted tubules	D) Afferent arterioles								
Q.192	Restriction endonucleases cleave the	of duplex DNA.								
	A) Nitrogenous base	C) Phosphodiester bond								
	B) Base sugar	D) Hydrogen bond								
Q.193	The enzyme which is responsible for the formation of bond between two double stranded DNA fragments is:									
		C) Ligaço								
	A) Endonuclease B) Urease	C) Ligase D) Helicase								
	b) orease	D) Helicase								
Q.194	The organisms of third trophic level are:									
•	A) Primary consumer	C) Tertiary consumer								
	B) Primary producer	D) Secondary consumer								
	, , , ,									
Q.195	The ultimate source of energy in an ecosystem									
	A) Photosynthesis	C) Plants								
	B) Sun	D) Water								
0.106	All the feed sheims and feed make begin with.									
Q.196	All the food chains and food webs begin with:	C) Croon plants								
	A) Detritus	C) Green plants D) Omnivores								
	B) Herbivores	D) Offiliavores								
Q.197	The change from bare rock or open area is rapid, especially in the initial stages and follows a									
Q.137	series of recognizable and hence predictable stages. This process is called:									
	A) Pioneers	C) Succession								
	B) Xerosere	D) Secondary succession								
	2) / (3-333) (	2) 6565114411 / 6465655611								
Q.198	The decline in the thickness of ozone layer is ca	aused by:								
	A) Increasing level of nitrogen oxide	C) Decreasing level of CFCs								
	B) Decreasing level of O <sub>2</sub>	D) Increasing level of CFCs								
Q.199	Which one of the following is considered as str									
	A) Embryology Record	C) Biochemical Record								
	B) Molecular Record	D) Fossil Record								
Q.200	Structures found in different enecies which are	believed to have a common evolutionary origin								
Q.200	are called:	e believed to have a common evolutionary origin								
	A) Homologous	C) Vestigial								
	B) Analogous	D) Fossilized								
	b) / ilidiogodo	b) 1 0331112Cu								
Q.201	Which one of the following is X-linked trait?									
	A) Male pattern baldness	C) Haemophilia								
	B) Diabetes mellitus	D) Erythroblastosis fietalis								
Q.202	A character determined by three alleles is:									
	A) Human skin colour	C) Human eye colour								
	B) Human blood group	D) Human Rh factor								
0 202	The total number of genes in a nonulation is sa	lladı								
Q.203	The total number of genes in a population is ca A) Gene pool									
	B) Allele pool	C) Genome D) Genomic library								
	b) Alicie pool	b) denomic library								
Q.204	is the branch of Biology used f	or the identification and interpretation of fossils.								
Ę. <b>–</b> J	A) Evolution	C) Zoogeography								
	B) Paleontology	D) Biodiversity								
	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
Q.205	Out of the given options, choose the one which									
	A) Vacuole, Chloroplast, Ribosomes	C) Chloroplast, Cell Wall, Vacuole								
	B) Chloroplast, Microtubules, Peroxisomes	D) Chloroplast, Cell Wall, Mitochondria								



Q.206	Presence of large central vacuole is the charact A) Prokaryotes	teristic of: C) Fungi							
	B) Protists	D) Plants							
Q.207	The basic structure of plasma membrane is pro								
	A) Proteins B) Cholesterols	C) Cytoskeleton D) Phospholipids							
Q.208	The organelle involved in detoxification of dru	gs and poisons in the liver cells is:							
<b>Q</b>	A) Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum	C) Golgi Apparatus							
	B) Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum	D) Lysosomes							
Q.209	Down's syndrome is characterized by	at chromosome 21.							
	A) Trisomy B) Monosomy	C) Polysomy D) Disomy							
0.240	•	, ,							
Q.210	Which of the following is an example of autoso A) Turner's Syndrome	C) Metastasis							
	B) Jacob's Syndrome	D) Down's syndrome							
Q.211	Infertility, short height, webbed neck and low	hairline at lack are symptoms of							
•	syndrome.	• • •							
	A) Turner's B) Down's	C) Edward's D) Patau's							
	•	,							
Q.212	The concentration of sodium ions in body fluid  A) Renin	s is controlled by the hormone:  C) Angiotensin							
	B) Aldosterone	D) CPK							
Q.213	Δ hormone released from posterior nituitary lo	be acts to be actively transport water from filtrate							
Q.LIS	is collecting tubules back to kidney is shown a								
	A) Renin	C) Angiotensin							
	B) Antidiuretic hormone	D) Growth Factor							
Q.214	The removal metabolic waste from the blood is								
	A) Thermoregulation     B) Osmoregulation	C) Kidney Failure D) Excretion							
0.215									
Q.215	Highly toxic nitrogenous excretory product is: A) CO <sub>2</sub>	C) Urea							
	B) Uric Acid	D) Ammonia							
Q.216	Humans have homeostatic thermostat present	in a specified portion of the brain that is:							
•	A) Lateral ventricle	C) Spinal Cord							
	B) Thalamus	D) Hypothalamus							
Q.217		of cells in the basal ganglia leads to inability to							
	select and initiate patterns of movement is kn A) Fever	<b>own as:</b> C) Epilepsy							
	B) Alzheimer's Disease	D) Parkinson's Disease							
Q.218	A neurological disorder characterized by the decline in brain function is Its symptoms								
<b>L</b>	are similar to those diseases that cause demen	ntia.							
	A) Parkinson's Disease	C) Alzheimer's Disease							
	B) Epilepsy	D) Diabetes							
Q.219	A discharge by brain which causes chaotic acti								
	A) Meningitis B) Alzheimer's Disease	C) Epilepsy  D) Parkinson's Disease							
	,	D) Parkinson's Disease							
Q.220	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX							
	XXXXXXXXX.	C) 100000							
	A) XXXXXX B) XXXXXX	C) XXXXXX D) XXXXXX (X)							
		,							





# University of Health Sciences, Lahore Entrance Test – 2016

# For admission to Medical / Dental Institutions of the Punjab ANSWER KEY

The answer key to the questions of Entrance Test 2016 is being released.

Candidates can calculate their scores with the help of carbon copy of their response forms. Each correct answer carries 05 marks whereas one mark will be deducted from the total score for each wrong answer. Unattempted question carries zero marks. Complaints/ queries will be dealt only after the declaration of official result of the Entrance Test by the University. No request in this regard will be entertained before that.

Q.No.	Ans		Q.No.	Ans	]	Q.No.	Ans	Q.No.	Ans		Q.No.	Ans
ID	С		46	Α		92	С	138	Α		184	С
1	Α		47	D		93	С	139	В		185	В
2	В		48	D		94	D	140	D		186	С
3	С		49	С		95	D	141	D		187	В
4	В		50	С		96	D	142	В		188	D
5	С		51	С		97	С	143	В		189	Α
6	D		52	D		98	В	144	Α		190	D
7	Α		53	D		99	D	145	Α		191	В
8	В		54	С		100	Α	146	В		192	С
9	D		55	D		101	С	147	В		193	С
10	X		56	D		102	В	148	В		194	D
11	С		57	Α		103	X	149	В		195	В
12	Α		58	С		104	В	150	Α		196	С
13	С		59	С		105	D	151	D	- 1	197	C
14	В		60	С		106	С	152	Α		198	D
15	Α		61	С		107	D	153	D		199	D
16	С		62	D		108	В	154	В		200	A
17	D		63	С		109	A	155	С		201	С
18	A		64	Α		110	В	156	В		202	В
19	С		65	A		111	A	157	A		203	A
20	D		66	D		112	D	158	A		204	В
21	A		67	С		113	С	159	В		205	С
22	A	- (	68	D		114	D	160	D		206	D
23	D D		69 70	A D		115	B D	161 162	A D		207	D A
24 25	A	1	71	D		116 117	В	163	D		208	A
26	A		72	C		118	В	164	A		210	D
27	A		73	A		119	С	165	В		211	A
28	C		74	A		120	D	166	A		212	В
29	В		75	C		121	С	167	C		213	В
30	A		76	C		122	D	168	В		214	D
31	X		77	D		123	A	169	A		215	D
32	D		78	D		124	D	170	A		216	D
33	С		79	C		125	D	171	D		217	D
34	С		80	D		126	A	172	С		218	С
35	С		81	С		127	В	173	Α		219	С
36	В		82	D		128	Α	174	С		220	Х
37	С		83	D		129	В	175	Α			
38	С		84	С		130	Α	176	D			
39	D		85	В		131	Α	177	D			
40	D		86	В		132	В	178	С			
41	Α		87	С		133	Α	179	Α			
42	D		88	Α		134	В	180	D			
43	С		89	D		135	В	181	Α			
44	В		90	С		136	В	182	Α			
45	Α		91	D		137	Α	183	Α			